

Promoting sustainable urban development in Europe

The urban dimension 2007-2013: State of play and perspectives

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Promoting sustainable urban development in Europe:

- 1. The urban dimension of EU Regional policy 2007-2013
- 2. Ex-post evaluation of URBAN II
- 3. URBACT II and Regions for Economic Change
- 4. The urban dimension in the future cohesion policy
- 5. Cities of tomorrow
- 6. The urban dimension in Community policies
- 7. Intergovernmental cooperation on urban development
- 8. Reference Framework for Sustainable Cities (RFSC)



1. The urban dimension of EU Regional policy 2007-2013 (1)

- Operational Programmes 2007-2013
 - Mainstreaming of the URBAN Community Initiative (Art. 8 of Regulation (EC) No 1080/2006)
 - Spreading the methodological concept to cities and regions across Europe
 - > All cities eligible in all three cohesion policy objectives
 - But: No automatism for urban actions within OPs or for access to funding
 - Need for cooperation between cities and their (regional/national)
 Managing Authorities
 - Challenge of including local actors into the design and implementation of programmes



1. The urban dimension of EU Regional policy 2007-2013 (2)

Implementation

➤ DG REGIO working document "Fostering the urban dimension: Analysis of Operational Programmes co-financed by ERDF 2007-2013" (2008)

http://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/sources/docoffic/2007/working/urban dimension en.pdf

- National analyses in France and Germany
- ➤ DG REGIO studies (2010):
 - "The urban dimension of the ERDF in the 2007-2013 period: Implementation and practice in five European cities" (Bottom-up approach: How do cities use ERDF?)
 - "Sustainable urban development implementation praxis of Art 8" (Top-down approach: What is the national/regional notion of sustainable urban development?)



1. The urban dimension of EU Regional policy 2007-2013 (3)

Main findings (working document):

1. Strengths

- Urban development as an important topic in many OPs
- More funding available (€10bn for urban priority axes)
- Financial engineering (JESSICA)

2. Weaknesses

- Strong sectoral focus, without integrated approach (asymmetry between EU-15 and EU-12)
- Only few signs of direct local involvement
- Positive experience from URBAN widely unused

2. Ex-post evaluation of URBAN II

- Tangible outputs on
 - physical regeneration
 - local economy
 - social inclusion
 - strongly integrated at project and programme level
- Successful projects were built on local ownership, unsuccessful were those imposed from above
- Crucial role of larger players for the sustainability of the projects
- Capacity building through URBACT I
- http://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/sources/docgener/evaluation/expost2006/urban ii en.htm

3. URBACT II and Regions for Economic Change

- ➤ <u>URBACT</u> is currently involving 255 cities from 29 countries in 44 projects, with over 5,000 active participants in Local Support Groups
- ➤ Linked with Regions for Economic Change (RFEC) initiative
 - To boost regional and urban networks and enable a rapid transfer into mainstream programmes
 - Close cooperation between Commission and Fast Track Networks (with associated Managing Authorities):
 - Pilots: MILE, URBAMECO
 - 1st call: HerO, UNIC, OPENCities, RegGov, Building Healthy Communities
 - 2nd call: RomaNet
- > 3rd URBACT call: end 2011



4. Perspectives for the urban dimension in the future cohesion policy (1)

Main elements:

- An improved urban mainstreaming
 - Thematic alignment with **Europe 2020** objectives
 - A stronger role for cities in implementing cohesion policy (in programming and decision-making)
 - A more functional approach to programming



4. Perspectives for the urban dimension in the future cohesion policy (2)

Main elements:

- Targeted actions for areas suffering from multiple deprivation – disadvantaged neighbourhoods (bottom up, financial concentration, local development)
 - Integrated approach (legacy of URBAN & Art.8)
- Supporting the implementation through European networking (better use of URBACT)
- Complementing grant support with financial engineering instruments, especially JESSICA



5. Cities of tomorrow (1)

- ➤ DG REGIO cities prospective analysis (2010/2011)
 - Involving experts and stakeholders
 - Highlighting good practice

Objectives

- Analysing and understanding the future challenges that different types of European cities will face
- Identifying innovative approaches to tackle these challenges
- Which role could or should cohesion policy play in this respect?

5. Cities of tomorrow (2)

- State of play:
 - 1st workshop "Challenges" in June 2010
 - 2nd workshop "Models and Visions" in October 2010
 - 3rd workshop "Governance How to make it happen" in December 2010
 - Summary report by summer 2011

Workshop documents available on:

http://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/conferences/citiesoftomorrow/index en.cfm

6. The urban dimension in Community policies

Commission Inter-service Group on urban development

"Urban guide"

- Part 1: The urban dimension in the cohesion policy for 2007-2013
- Part 2: The urban dimension in the other Community policies for 2007-2013
- Identifying initiatives under various EU policies with direct and indirect implications for the sustainable development of urban areas
- For those working on urban issues in local and regional authorities, elected representatives, and all other stakeholders with an interest in urban development
- To improve awareness and understanding of European policies and programmes related to urban matters
- http://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/sources/docgener/guides/urban/index_en.htm

7. Intergovernmental cooperation on urban development

Decisions of EU Ministers for urban development

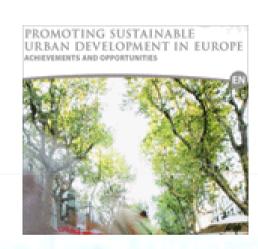
- Leipzig Charter on Sustainable European Cities (2007)
 - Promote the integrated approach
 - Pay special attention to deprived neighbourhoods
- Marseille Statement (2008)
 - Focus on climate change
 - Initiative "Reference Framework for Sustainable Cities (RFSC)"
- Toledo Declaration (2010)
 - Alignment with Europe 2020 strategy
 - Focus on integrated urban regeneration
- Poznań (November 2011)

8. Reference Framework for Sustainable Cities



- Implementing the Leipzig Charter at local level (Marseille):
 - A practical web-tool for cities
 - Facilitating dialogue about sustainable urban development and integrated thinking and action
 - A joint European initiative involving Member States, cities (CEMR, Eurocities, URBACT project LC-FACIL) and the Commission
- Testing phase with 66 European cities in 2011
- Final version available from 2012
- www.rfsustainablecities.eu

Thank you very much for your attention!





http://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/

http://ec.europa.eu/regional policy/themes/urban/publications en.htm